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To: Delegations of the United Nations Disarmament Commission (UNDC);*

Ms. Izumi Nakamitsu, a High Representative for the United nations Office for Disarmament Affairs (UNODA)

From: Citizens' Coalition for Economic Justice,

a member of the Abolition 2000 Working Group on the 2018 UN High-Level Conference on Nuclear Disarmament

Letter to support CSBMs & TCBMs

to the UNDC Working Groups at the 2018 Substantive Session

April 9, 2018

Dear Distinguished Delegates

We are writing this letter to submit and propose recommendations bearing on Confidence and Security Building Measures (CSBMs) & Transparency and Confidence Building Measures (TCBMs) as a part of the two provisional agendas, (A/CN.10/L.80/Rev.1) (I) Nuclear Disarmament and Non-proliferation of Nuclear Weapons and (II) Transparency and Confidence-building Measures in Outer Space Activities, to the working groups of the United Nations Disarmament Commission (UNDC) at the 2018 substantive session on April 2-20, 2018.

The past years saw that, though the successful treaties of the Confidence Building Measures to nuclear-weapons-free zone, disarmament and non-proliferation; playing a leading role in arms control dynamic, and progressing in comprehensive cooperation, or advancing toward a nuclear-weapon-free-world, there was not a substantive effort. Korean civil society and we are, lamenting this history, as well as alarmed at the recent nuclear tensions and political conflicts between nuclear-armed countries and at the increasing risk of nuclear weapons used by accident, miscalculation or intent as a result.

We are deeply concerned about this boiling point of bellicose rhetoric and confrontational approaches to the vicious circle, sanctions, tensions, provocations, Fire and Fury, and *repetō*—rather than leading to a virtuous circle, communication, negotiation, commutation, cooperation and peace; we recall the importance of balancing between these cooling-off measures without prejudice, as a result of the Security Council meeting for the 2018 special session on the theme, "Weapons of Mass Destruction and Confidence Building Measures," (S/PV.8160) and highly recognize the need for changeover from CBMs to CSBMs, such as a practical example of the Iranian nuclear programme, namely "the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action," (JCPOA) to effectively resolve the recent-complicated-political issues at international level through multilateral negotiations among stakeholders in a mutual, fair, cooperative and sustainable manner—in this context, we are seriously concerned about a bellicose posture of US's withdrawal from the JCPOA; such desperate measures in a pugilistic-diplomacy manner are the one-way to undermine a solid multilateral agreement.

We emphasize that you must find the closest point of approach to de-escalate the political risk of collisions between stakeholders; we highly consider CSBMs as a comprehensive measure, including geostrategic, security, political and diplomatic conditions, in particular, humanitarian assistance, economic cooperation and development, when taking note of the North Korea's road-to-Pyeongchang conversion in the sprite of the Olympic Truce—for example, the DPRK has repeatedly offered the condition of suspending its nuclear weapons development in exchange for freezing the joint US-ROK military exercises. They, now, should consider its offer as a jumping off point for definitive negotiations towards a peaceful, sovereign, nuclear-free Korean peninsula enough, and would accept this offer to begin so serious negotiations, and should guarantee DPRK's security as a way of firmly pledging the No-First-Use policy, subject to its readiness to address a peace process of denuclearization and to rejoin the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty. (NPT) Thereby, all the stakeholders could achieve universal security, mutual benefit and common prosperity, beyond in the exchange for counterpart's specific conditions, in a mutual, fair, cooperative and sustainable manner—in this way, we reaffirm these comprehensive measures as a part of CSBMs that would be the first step forward to effectively establishing a nuclear-weapon-free zone (NFWZ) at regional level.

We urge the nuclear-weapon States of *Cassiopeia* to grant security assurances to counterpart, involving North Korea and the Middle East in fair-negotiating table at the UN, as a key prerequisite for creating an atmosphere of transparency and confidence to return to multilateral negotiations in a mutual, fair, cooperative and sustainable manner. As you understand it that though multilateral agreement may not be substituted by bilateral agreement and *vice versa*, when the need of these conditions arises among stakeholders in a timely fashion—we strongly believe that the UN should provide a platform for mutual exchanges, and then *the Weary Mothers of the Earth* could take a step toward multilateral negotiations for achieving a nuclear-weapon-free world.

We, therefore, advocate CSBMs & TCBMs, as both activities, unique to a new initiative of the UNDC.

Now we are affirmative in this year seeing the tipping point where the *Middle East's road-to-Damascus conversion* has led to peaceful cooperation and the end of war over the last seven years; where the *North Korea's road-to-Pyeongchang conversion* is leading to the upcoming peace talks, ROK-DPRK summit in April and US-DPRK summit in May, and the peaceful denuclearization of the Korean peninsula in the near future; where these fundamental changes will meet the curve, at an inflection point, towards a nuclear-weapon-free world with common security, lasting peace and shared prosperity: we hope that.

We acknowledge their efforts, and highly appreciate your exertion.

We are noting that the United Nations General Assembly adopted the resolution (72/251) setting the dates and mandate for the High-Level Conference on Nuclear Disarmament to take place at the UN from May 14-16, 2018—it's the time to punctuate a substantive point—to request that UN hold the Six-Party Talks, specially inviting all the stakeholders, at this upcoming high-level conference, for the purpose of negotiating the comprehensive programme of work, including their specific conditions (*e.g.* geostrategy and security, politics and diplomacy, aid and economy) in exchange for other options, both (I) the denuclearized CSBMs to a WMD arms control and (II) the demilitarized TCBMs to space arms race control. And, please encourage them in their firm support for the Six-Party Talks, including a new joint statement, targeting at the United Nations General Assembly of the upcoming 2018 session, with a view to achieving the denuclearization of the Korean peninsula, in a mutual, fair, cooperative and sustainable manner.

Especially, we call on you to support the following recommendations:

- The Permanent Member States of the UN Security Council, (UNSC) America and England and France and Russia, and the other nuclear armed countries **pledge the No-First-Use** of nuclear weapons completely, verifiably and irreversibly, and others: all stakeholders **declare the No-First-Placement** of any weapons in outer space;
- North Korea rejoins the NPT, and others: the non-signatories, Israel and India and Pakistan and South Sudan, join this treaty, in a mutual, fair, cooperative and sustainable manner;
- All stakeholders **gradually scale down the modernized weapons**, including Intercontinental Ballistic Missiles (ICBMs) and Submarine-Launched Ballistic Missiles, (SLBMs) and others: they **set a limit on the compatibility between missile offensive and defensive systems**, transparently managed and maintained—*i.e.*, developing a multilateral form, such as the New Strategic Arms Reduction Treaty (New START) and the Anti-Ballistic Missile Treaty, (ABMT) or, guaranteeing assurances of the warhead characteristics, *e.g.*, a missile targeting guidance system, such as the Exo-Atmospheric Kill Vehicle;
- All stakeholders properly use the surveillance networks, early-warning and X band radars, for the purpose of both defense and prevention, such as the missile detection and alarm system and the disaster alert system, and others: they are not allowed to use these radars for other purpose of counter-terrorism-offensive activities—i.e., global spying and striking operations by drone that internationally communicates with the radars;
- All stakeholders **respect for counterpart's satellite, spacecraft or object, facility**, and others: they are **prohibited from the outer-space-offensive activities**, namely "Star Wars," of both **the space-based negation-enabling capabilities** and **the earth-based capabilities to attack satellites**—*i.e.*, neither jamming communication nor striking satellites in outer space, *e.g.*, the Strategic Defense Initiative; (SDI)
- All stakeholders regulate the public-private collaboration on outer space activities on the purpose of militarization and weaponization, and others: they nationalize military industries and related activities.

If they don't lead by any example, the whole concepts are almost meaningless; You should be highly obliged it.

With all best wishes for success,

Linfreho

Sunchul Yun
Secretary General
Citizens' Coalition for Economic Justice
South Korea

[P.S.] The five bright stars are a constellation, maintained the 'W'-in-win shape—this is the reason that the Cassiopeia could twinkle sustainably and beautiful.

If you need more information, please *Visit Us*: http://ccej.or.kr/eng/who-we-are/about-us/;

Our Achievements (RLA, 2003): http://www.rightlivelihoodaward.org/laureates/citizens-coalition-for-economic-justice-ccej/

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^{*} Arab Group, Australia, Brazil, Chile, Cuba, Ecuador, Egypt, Ghana, India, Indonesia, Iran, Ireland, Israel, Japan, Malaysia, Nigeria and the African Group, South Africa, Philippines and the Association of Southeast Asian Nations, the United States of America.

^{*}We, as the Korea's first fully-fledged NGO, have performed a citizens' movement for Economic Justice, Political & Legal Justice, Korean Reunification, International Peace & Security, Consumer Rights & Protection, Urban Reform and Housing Stability, struggling against the history of property speculation since 1989; edited by Hochul Jung. (hcjung@ccej.or.kr)